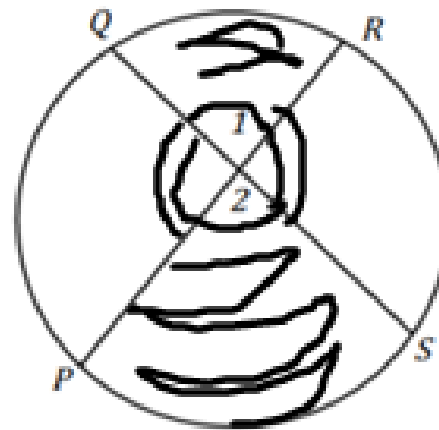
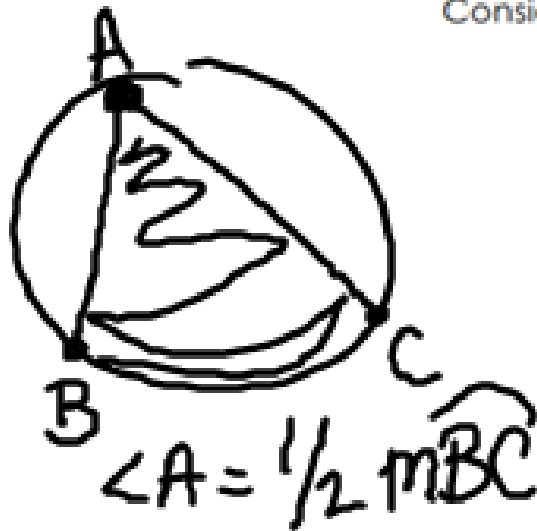


Sometimes, two chords do not intersect "on" the circle, but "in" the circle.

These chords cannot be called inscribed angles.

When two chords intersect "inside" a circle, two sets of **verticals** angles are formed.

Consider the figure below.

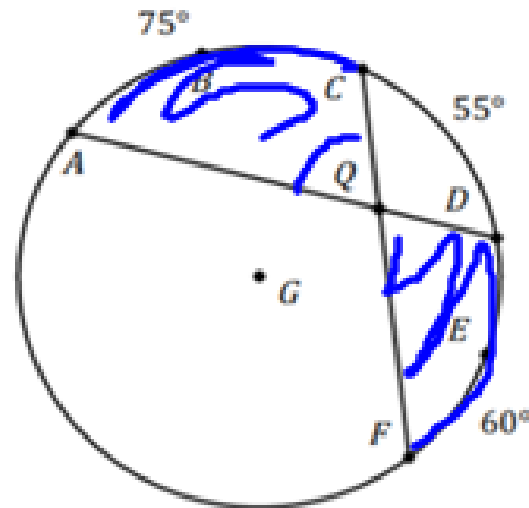


The angle formed inside of a circle by two intersecting chords is $\frac{1}{2}$ of the sum of the chords' intercepted arcs.

Using the above circle as an example, angles 1 and 2 can be found using the function

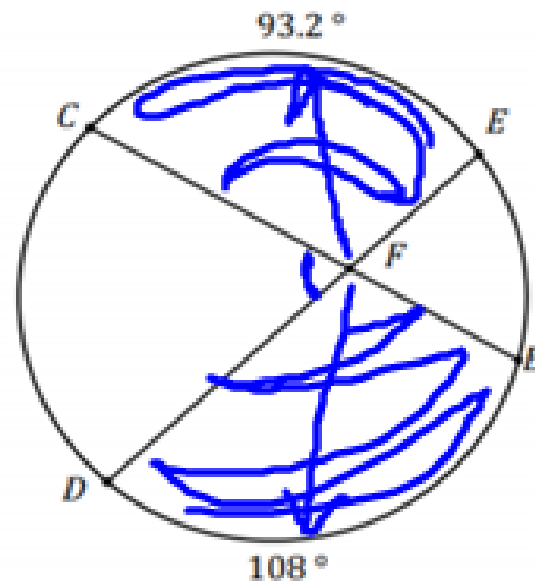
$$m\angle 1 = \frac{1}{2} (m\widehat{QR} + m\widehat{PS})$$

1. Consider the figure below, and determine $m\angle AQC$.



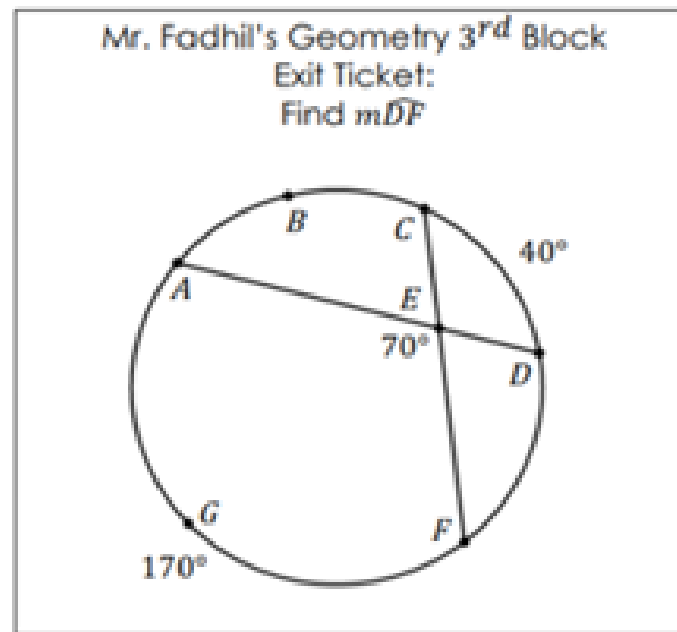
$$\frac{75 + 60}{2} = \frac{135}{2} = 67.5$$

2. Consider the diagram below and find $m\angle CFD$. Justify your answer.



$$\frac{93.2 + 108}{2} = \frac{201.2}{2} = 100.6$$
$$180 - 100.6 = 79.4$$

Mr. Fadhil gave the daily exit ticket shown in the diagram to his Geometry students.



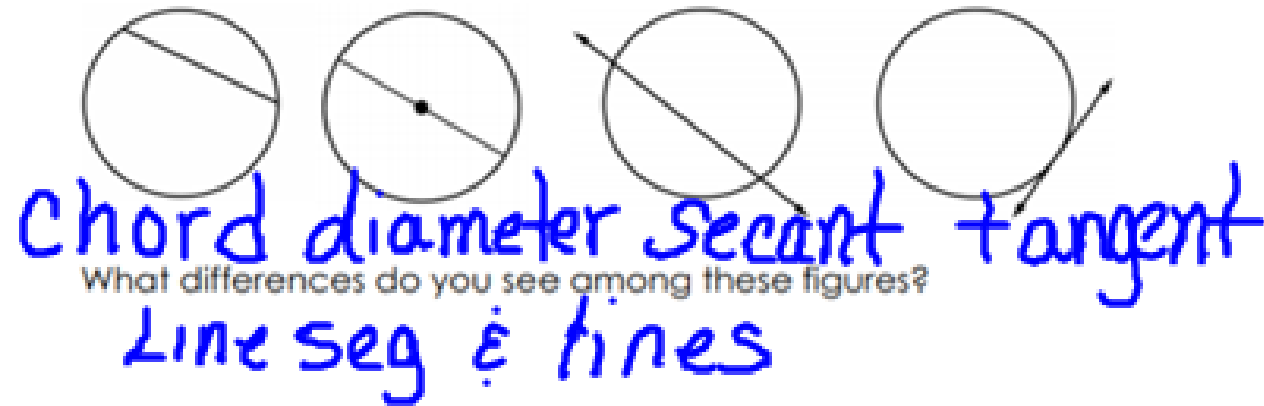
One of Mr. Fadhil's students argued that there was something wrong with this problem, based on the above diagram and the measurements.

What is the error in this problem? Justify your answer.

$$\frac{170 + 40}{2} = \frac{210}{2} = 105 \neq 70$$

Tangent Lines, Secants, and Chords – Part 1

Let's examine the following figures.



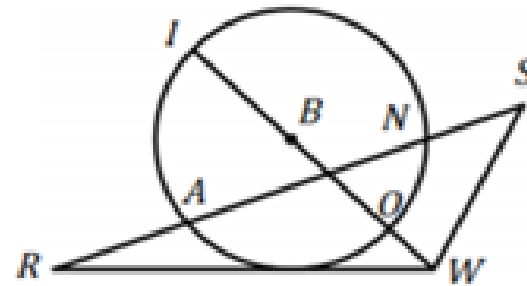
Which of these figure(s) have you not seen yet?

A **secant** is a line that intersects a circle at 2 points.

A **tangent** is a line in the plane of a circle that intersects the circle at exactly 1 point.

1. Classify each of the following segments as a radius, chord, secant, tangent, or diameter.

\overline{TB} is a radius
 \overline{AN} is a chord
 \overline{WR} is a tangent
 \overline{RS} is a secant
 \overline{IO} is a diameter



2. Mark the most appropriate answer for each statement in the table below.

Statements	Always	Sometimes	Never
A chord is part of a secant.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
A diameter is a tangent.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
A tangent is a ray.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
A tangent has exactly one point in common with a circle.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
A secant to a circle contains the diameter.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
A chord in a circle contains a radius.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>